## Quiz of Ordinary Differential Equation II

## 2018.5.31

1. Consider the equation

$$2x(1+x)y'' + (3+x)y' - xy = 0$$
(1)

- (a) Find the singular points of (1), and verify whether or not these singular points are regular singular points.
- (b) What is the indicial equation of (1)?
- (c) Write the solutions of (1) in series form.
- 2. Consider the vectors

$$x^{(1)}(t) = \begin{pmatrix} t^2 \\ 2t \end{pmatrix}$$
 and  $x^{(2)}(t) = \begin{pmatrix} e^t \\ e^t \end{pmatrix}$ 

- (a) Compute the Wronskian of  $x^{(1)}$  and  $x^{(2)}$
- (b) In what intervals are  $x^{(1)}$  and  $x^{(2)}$  linearly independent?
- (c) What conclusion can be drawn about the coefficients in the system of homogeneous differential equation satisfied by  $x^{(1)}$  and  $x^{(2)}$ ?
- (d) Find this system of equations and verify the conclusions of part (c).
- 3. Consider the system

$$x' = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 1 \\ 4 & 1 \end{pmatrix} x \tag{2}$$

Plot a direction field and determine the qualitative behavior of solutions. Then find the general solution and draw a phase portrait showing several trajectories.

4. Find the general solution of the given system of equations

$$x' = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 1 & 1 \\ 2 & 1 & -1 \\ -8 & -5 & -3 \end{pmatrix} x$$
(3)

5. Express the general solution of the given system of equations in terms of real-valued functions.

$$x' = \begin{pmatrix} -3 & 0 & 2\\ 1 & -1 & 0\\ -2 & -1 & 0 \end{pmatrix} x \tag{4}$$

6. For the system

$$x' = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 1 \\ 4 & 1 \end{pmatrix} x \tag{5}$$

- (a) Find a fundamental matrix and the general solutions for the system (8)
- (b) Find the fundamental matrix  $\Phi$  such that  $\Phi(0) = I$
- (c) Find  $e^A$ ?
- 7. Find a fundamental set of solutions of

$$x' = Ax = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & -1 \\ 1 & 3 \end{pmatrix} x \tag{6}$$

and draw a phase portrait for this system.

8. Find the solution of the following initial value problem:

$$x' = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 \\ -4 & 1 & 0 \\ 3 & 6 & 2 \end{pmatrix} x, \quad x(0) = \begin{pmatrix} -1 \\ 2 \\ -30 \end{pmatrix}$$
(7)

9. Use the method of undetermined coefficients to find a particular solution of

$$x' = \begin{pmatrix} -2 & 1\\ 1 & -2 \end{pmatrix} x + \begin{pmatrix} 2e^{-t}\\ 3t \end{pmatrix} = Ax + g(t)$$
(8)

10. Verify that the given vectors is the general solution of the corresponding homogeneous system, and then solve the nonhomogeneous system. Assume that t > 0

$$tx' = \begin{pmatrix} 2 & -1 \\ 3 & -2 \end{pmatrix} x + \begin{pmatrix} 1 - t^2 \\ 2t \end{pmatrix}$$
(9)

$$x^{(c)} = c_1 \begin{pmatrix} 1\\1 \end{pmatrix} t + c_2 \begin{pmatrix} 1\\3 \end{pmatrix} t^{-1}$$
(10)