

Discrepancy I

problem: Let \mathcal{F} be a system of subsets of X , where $|X|=n$. $c: X \rightarrow \{1, -1\}$

$$\text{disc}(\mathcal{F}, c) = \max_{S \in \mathcal{F}} |c(S)|, \text{ where } c(S) = \sum_{x \in S} c(x).$$

$$\text{disc}(\mathcal{F}) = \min_c \max_{S \in \mathcal{F}} |c(S)|.$$

Fact: If $\mathcal{F} = 2^X$ i.e. all sets then $\text{disc}(\mathcal{F}) = \frac{n}{2}$

pf: $\mathcal{F} = 2^X \Rightarrow \text{disc}(\mathcal{F}) \geq \frac{n}{2}$.

Consider $c: X \rightarrow \{1, -1\}$ with $|c^{-1}(-1)| = |c^{-1}(1)| = \frac{n}{2}$ w.l.o.g assume n is even

Note that $c(S) \leq \frac{n}{2}$ for each $S \in \mathcal{F}$, so $\max_{S \in \mathcal{F}} |c(S)| \leq \frac{n}{2}$.

QED

Discrepancy II

Thm Let $|X|=n$ and $|F|=m$. Then $\text{disc}(F) \leq \sqrt{2n \ln(2m)}$.

pf: Let $c: X \rightarrow \{1, -1\}$ be a random coloring.

$$\begin{aligned} \Pr\left(\bigcup_{S \in F} \{c(S) > t\}\right) &\leq \sum_{S \in F} \Pr(c(S) > t) < \sum_{S \in F} e^{-\frac{t^2}{2|S|}} \\ &\leq \sum_{S \in F} e^{-\frac{t^2}{2n}} = m e^{-\frac{t^2}{2n}}. \end{aligned}$$

↑ Chernoff's ineq.

$$m e^{-\frac{t^2}{2n}} \leq 1 \iff e^{-\frac{t^2}{2n}} \leq \frac{1}{m} \iff t \geq \sqrt{2n \ln(2m)}$$